



FlashCam:

A novel camera for the Cherenkov Telescope Array

Arno Gadola on behalf of the FlashCam Team
for the CTA Consortium

SPS 2014, Fribourg



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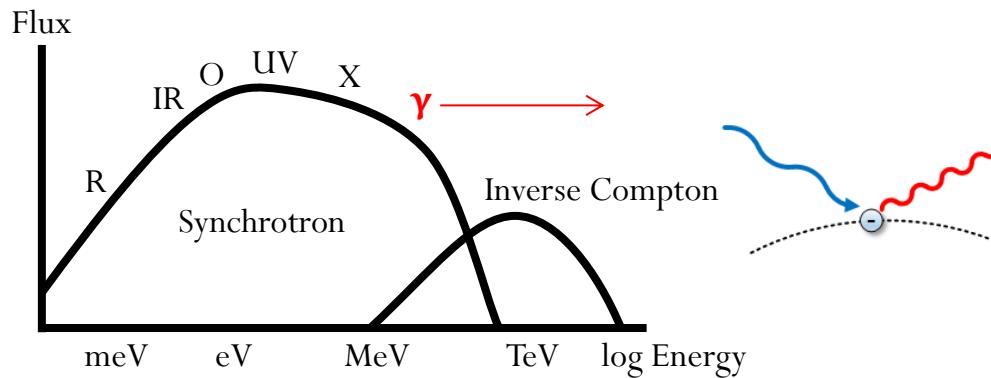
ERLANGEN CENTRE
FOR ASTROPARTICLE
PHYSICS



Gamma-ray astrophysics



- Very high energy (VHE) gamma-ray astrophysics: 10 GeV to >100TeV
- Sources: Supernova remnants, pulsars, active galactic nuclei, DM, ...



- Gamma rays cannot be produced by thermal radiation and
- are not deflected by interstellar magnetic fields and hence allow
 - ⇒ the indirect probing of the population of highly relativistic cosmic particles
 - ⇒ study of particle acceleration mechanisms in cosmic sources
 - ⇒ possible detection of dark matter annihilation: $X + \bar{X} \rightarrow \gamma + \gamma$



Detection of the HE and VHE γ -rays



High energy (HE) regime of 30 MeV – 100 GeV

Detection with space-borne instruments

Detection technique: $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$

✗ small detection area in the order of 1 m²



Very high energy (VHE) regime of 30 GeV – 100 TeV

Detection with ground-based instruments (e.g. Cherenkov telescopes)

Detection technique: $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ in atmosphere \Rightarrow Cherenkov light

✓ large detection areas in the order of 10⁵ m²

✗ only useable during clear and dark night



Credit: R. Wagner



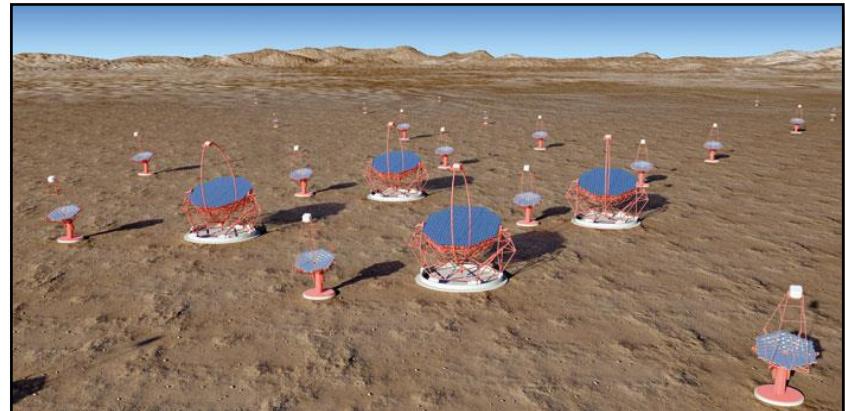
Cherenkov Telescope Array (CTA)



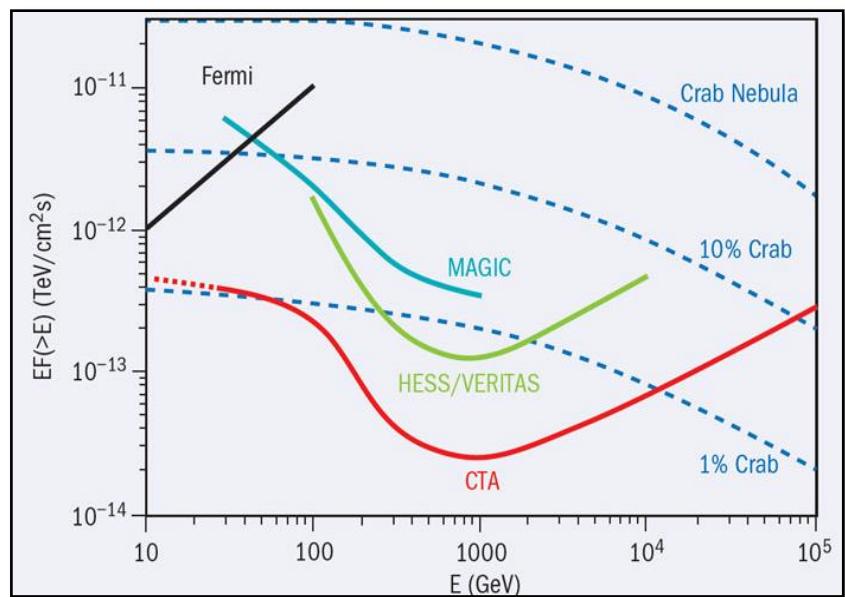
- Energy range: 20 GeV – 300 TeV
- 10 x better sensitivity than current instruments
- $\leq 0.05^\circ$ angular resolution @ TeV energies
- $\leq 10\%$ energy resolution @ TeV energies
- Full-sky coverage with south and north array

Dish Ø	South #	North #
4-7m	80-100	0
12m	25	15
23m	4	4

- For the southern side:
 - First telescopes on-site expected in 2016
 - Full operation expected in 2019



Credit: G Pérez/IAC/SMM

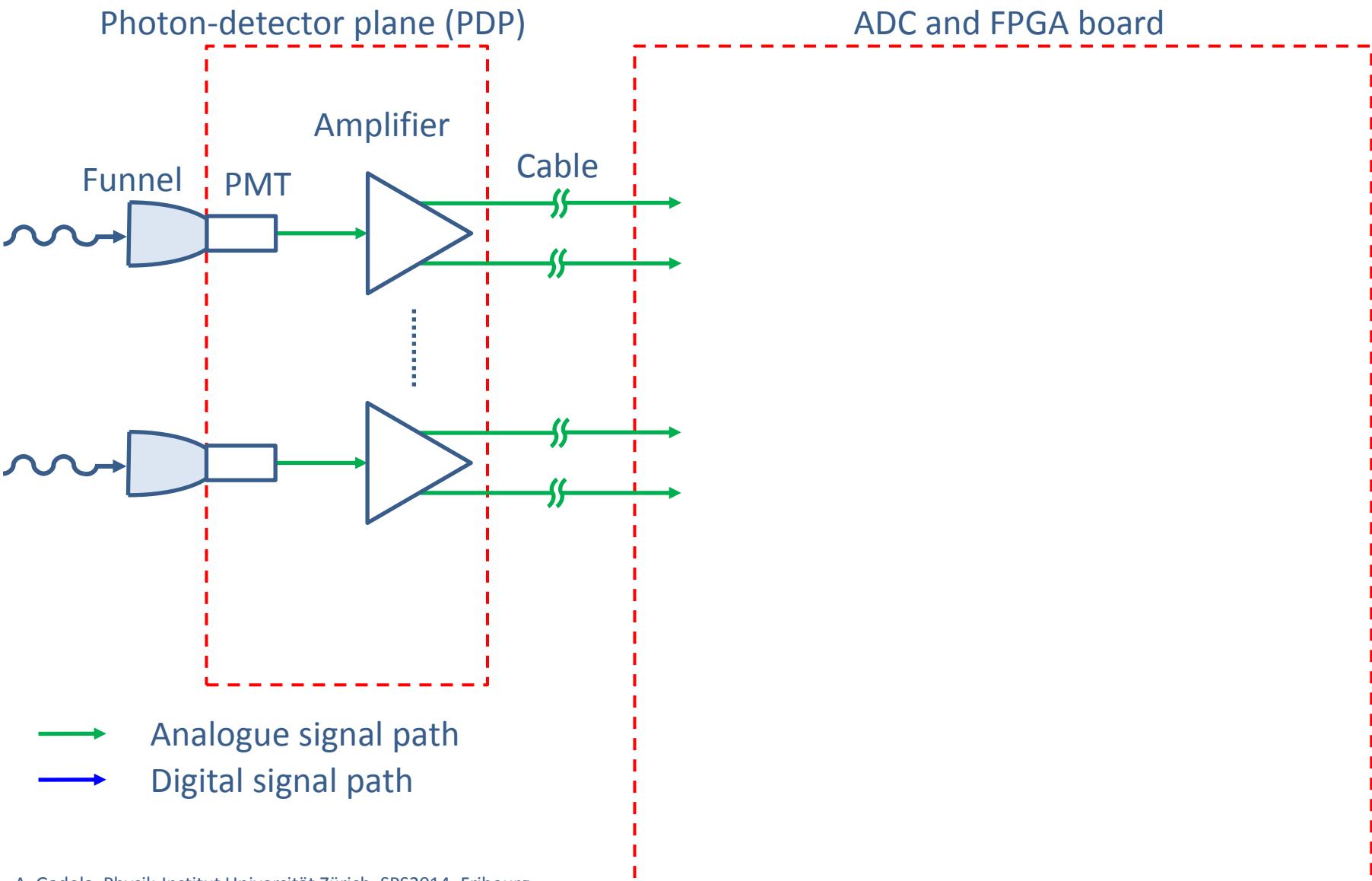


Instrument sensitivity for a Crab-like source spectrum for 50 hours of observation

Credit: Cern Courier

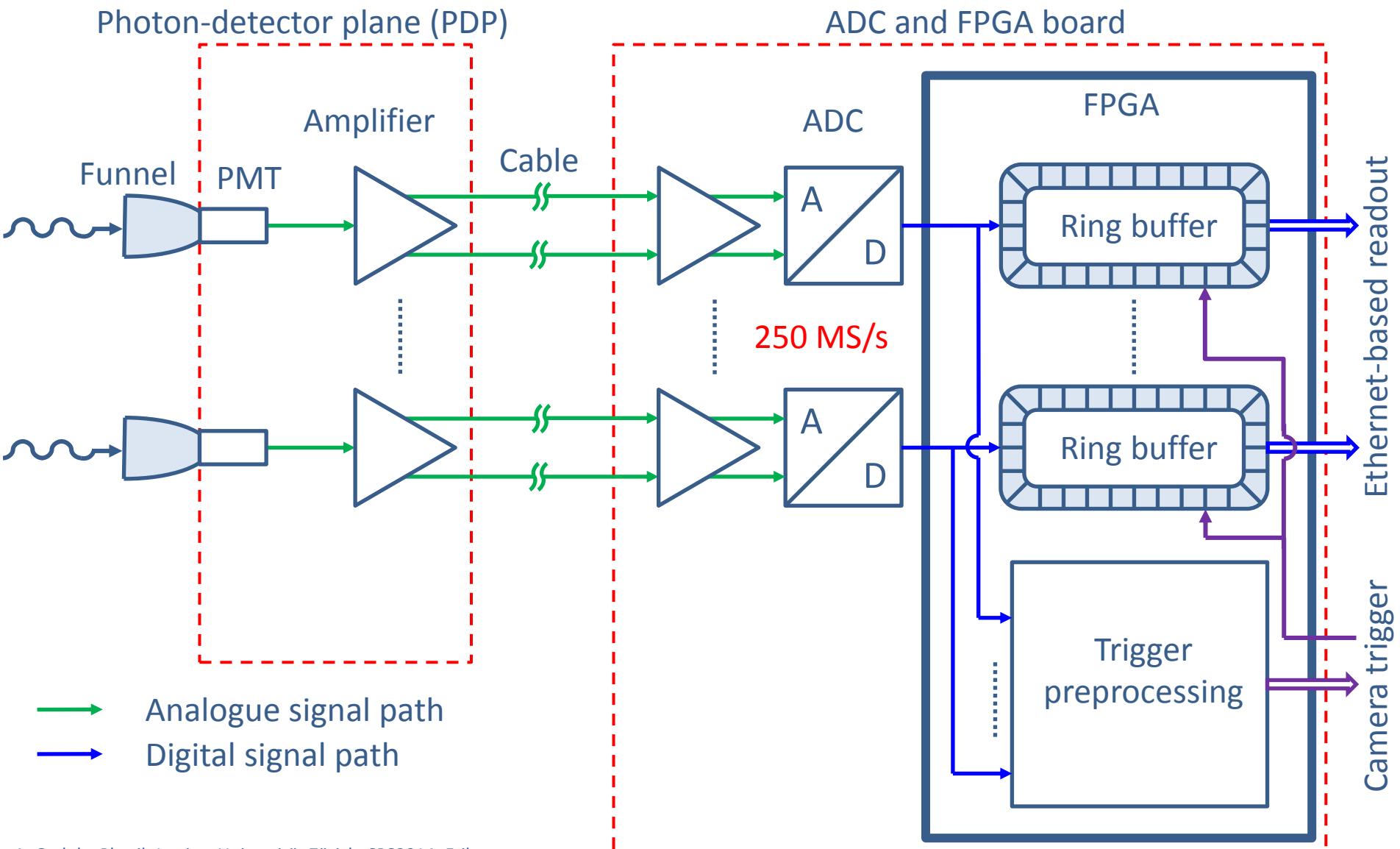


FlashCam concept



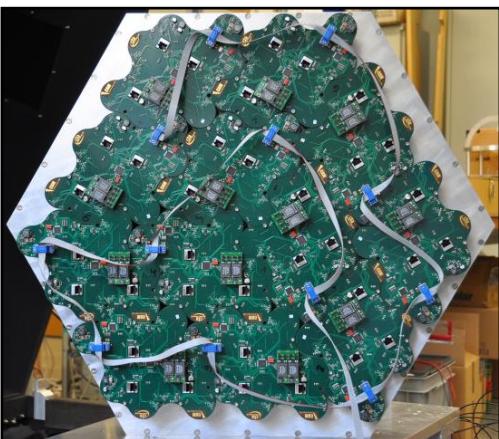
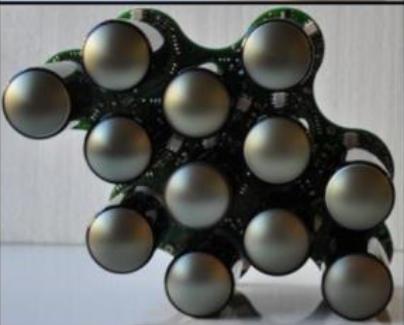
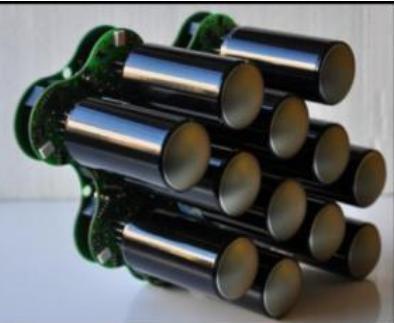
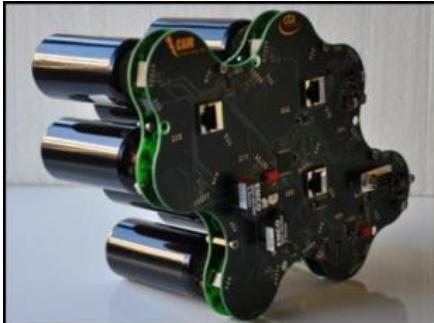


FlashCam concept





The two main protagonists



144 pixel test setup

Readout electronics

- Scalable up to 2304 pixel
- One unit serves up to 192 pixel
- 0.25 GS/s FADC commercial chip
- Low cost commercial FPGA
- Continuous signal digitization
- Digital trigger
- Data transmission over Ethernet:
 > 2 GByte/s, dead-time-free up to > 30kHz





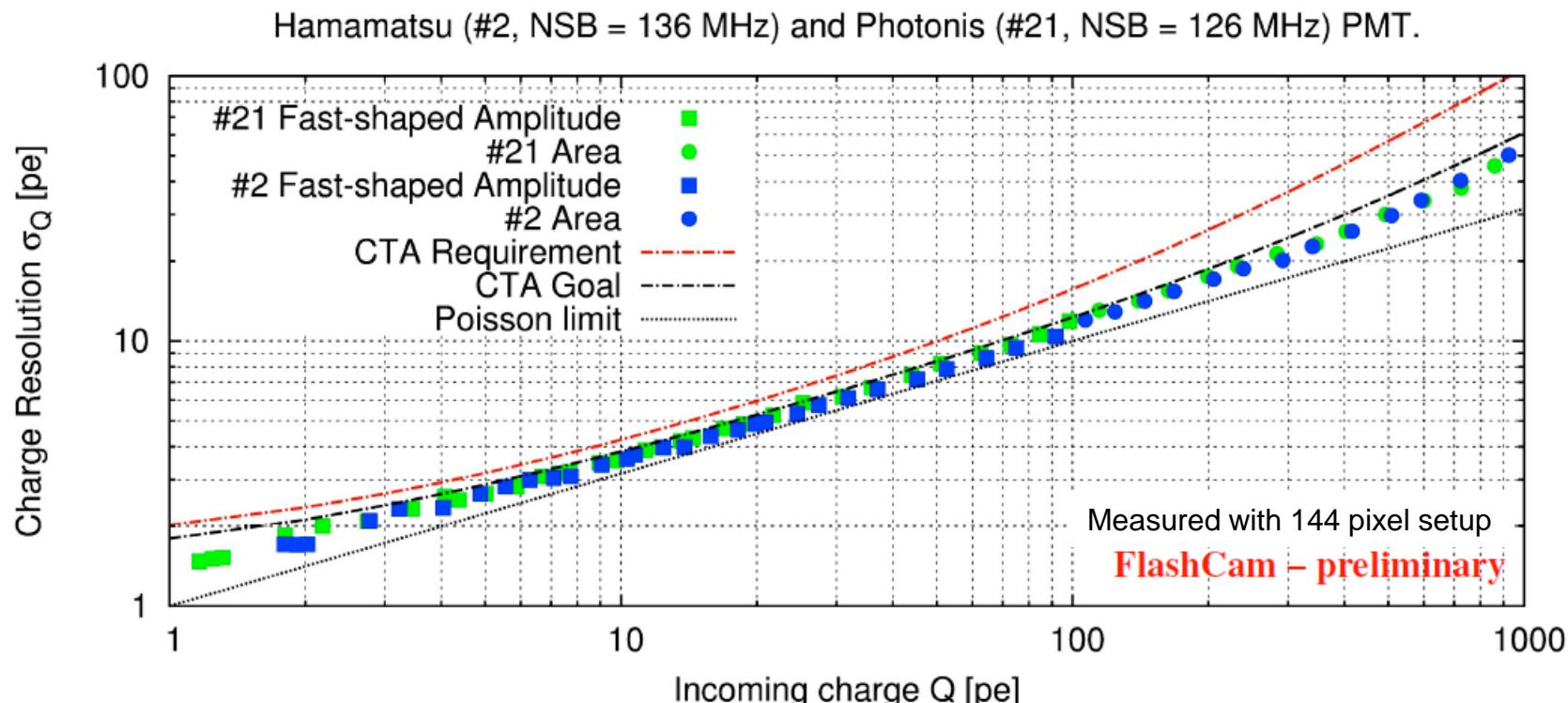
Amplitude resolution, single pixel



Amplitude determination with two overlapping regimes:

- Amplitude of signal: amplitude \leq amplifier clipping amplitude (≈ 100 pe)
 - Pulse-area: amplitude ≥ 20 pe
- \Rightarrow Cross-calibration of regimes possible

Requirements fulfilled over full dynamic range

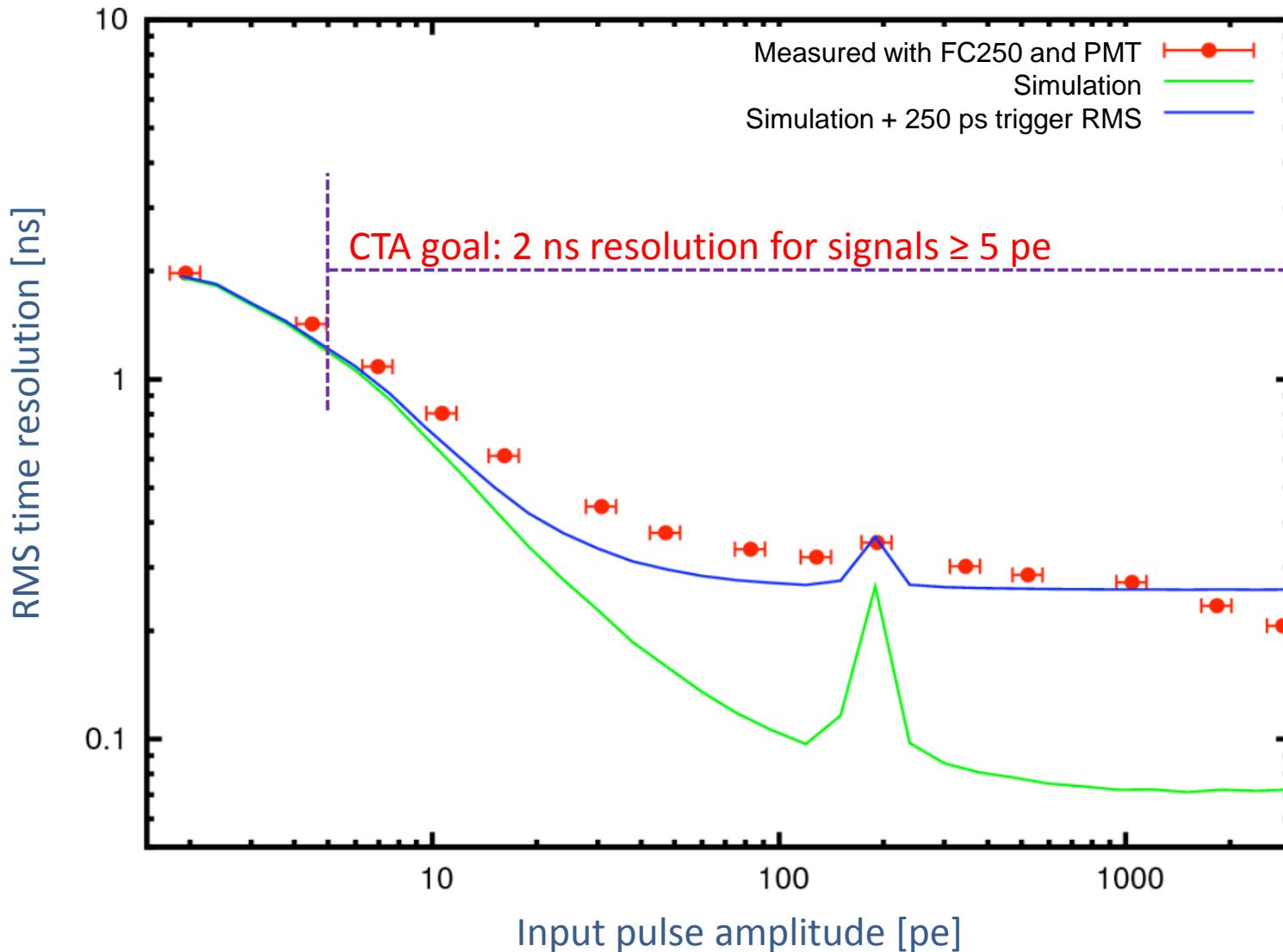




Time resolution, single pixel



Night sky background = 240×10^6 photoelectrons/s



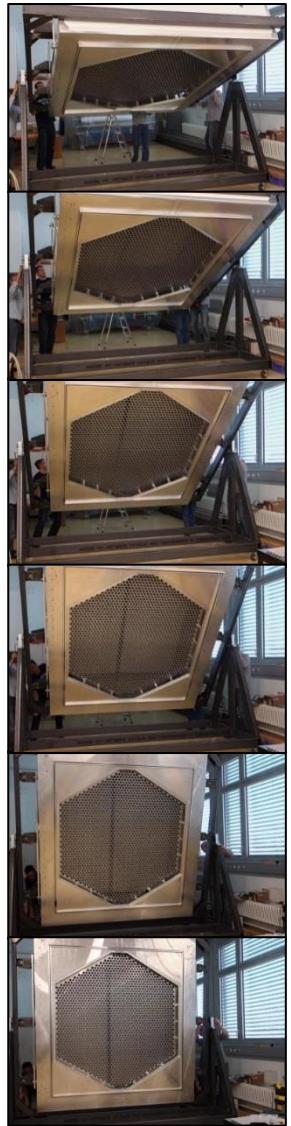
FlashCam camera body

1764 PMT pixel

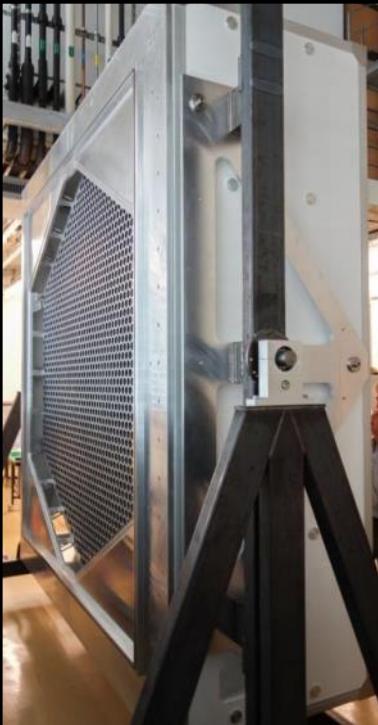
Camera body weight (no electronics): **1183 kg**

Expected final camera weight ≤ 1.7 t

Dimensions approximately: $(3 \times 3 \times 1.1) \text{ m}^3$



Camera body rear view



Camera body front-side view



Camera inside with racks





Conclusion and outlook



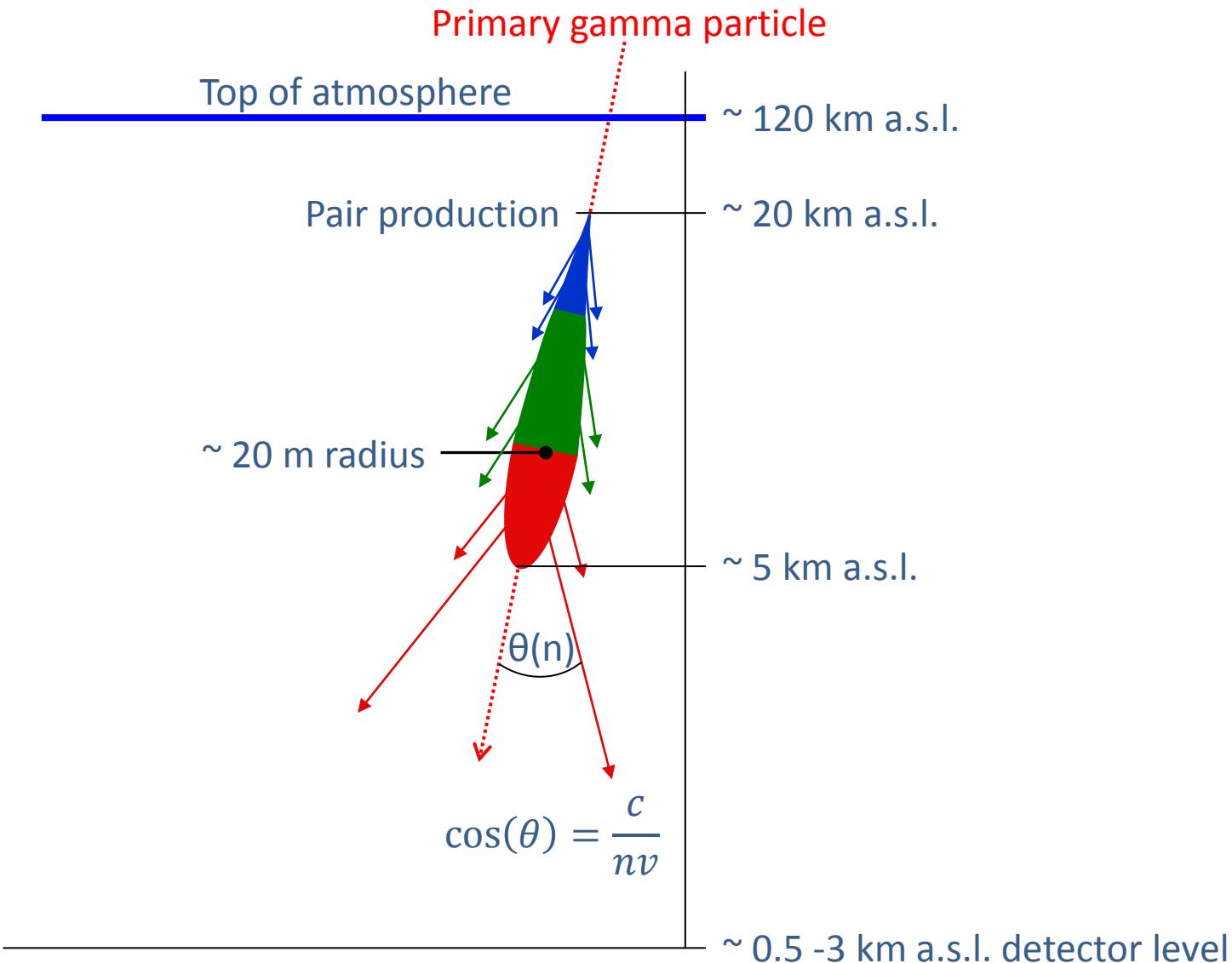
- FlashCam is an excellent option for CTA cameras:
 - Commercial components only
 - Dead-time-free and continuous digitization
 - Very flexible digital trigger
 - Easy maintenance due to modular construction and simple camera access
 - Easy adaption for new generation sensors
- Performance validation of all components of 144 pixel test setup nearly finished:
 - all CTA requirements are fulfilled so far
 - 4x10 Gbit readout successfully tested
- A full-size camera prototype with 1764 pixel for a 12 m telescope is ongoing:
 - Camera body nearly finished
 - Readout electronics, sensor electronics, cooling and slow control procurement in preparation



BACKUP

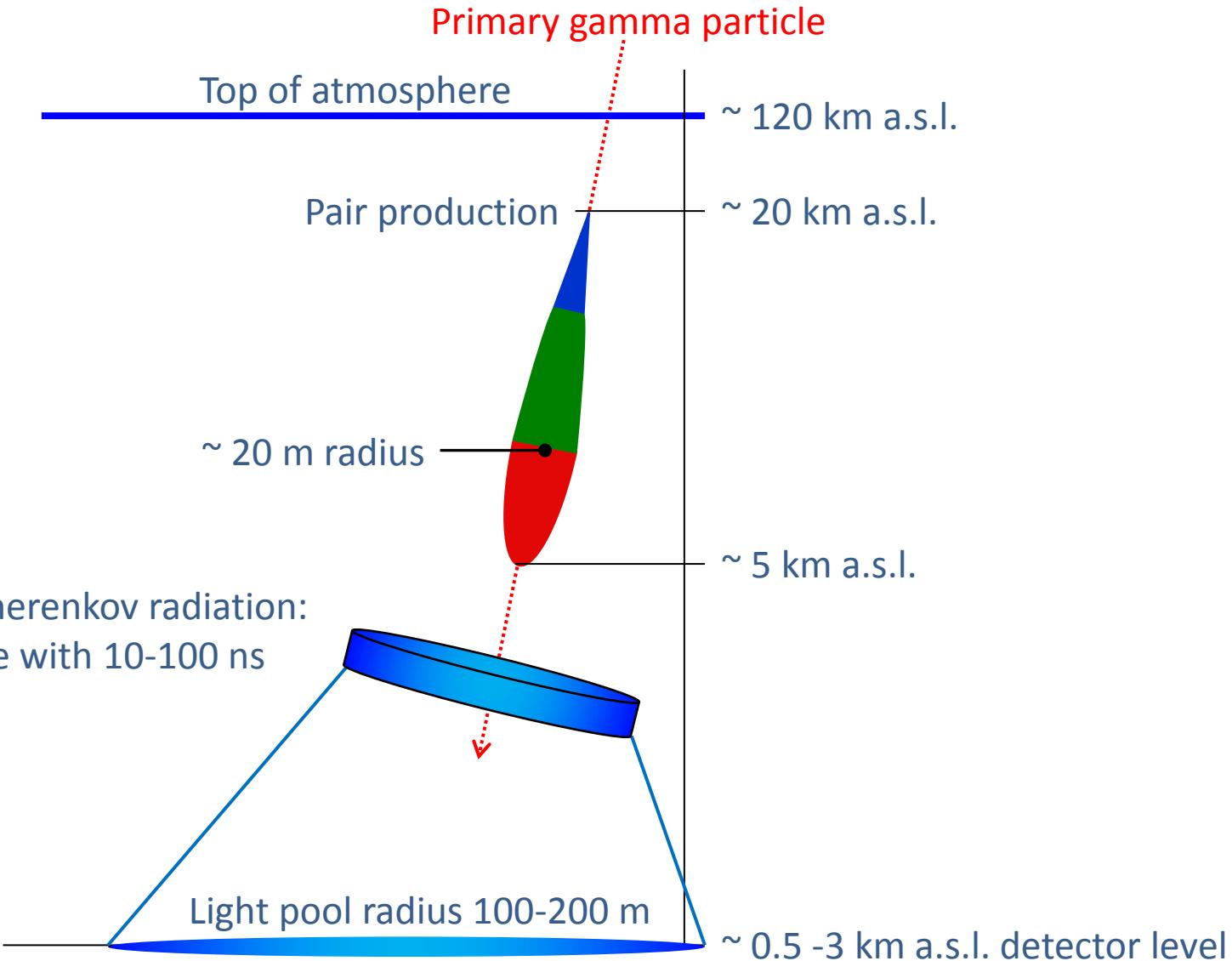


Imaging the Cherenkov light





Imaging the Cherenkov light





Imaging the Cherenkov light

